If at first an idea is not absurd, then there is no hope for it. Albert Einstein

ActorWeb

Towards a deeper understanding of system architectures



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ActorWeb (EP)

- Motivation
- Way of thinking
- Cases

(ES)

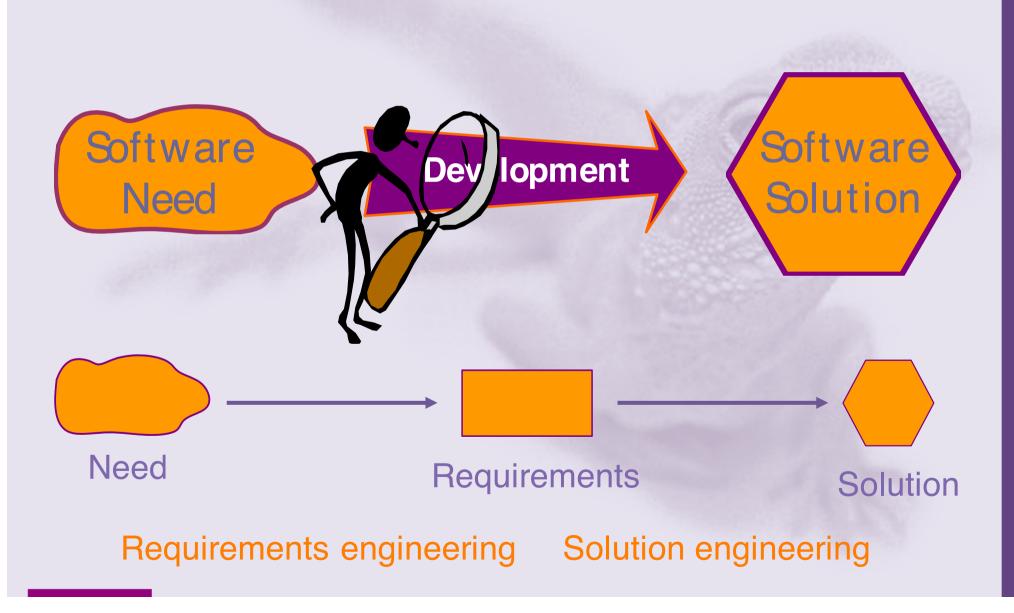
(EP)

- Nedap
- Philips Analytical
- Research program
 - Challenges
 - Status



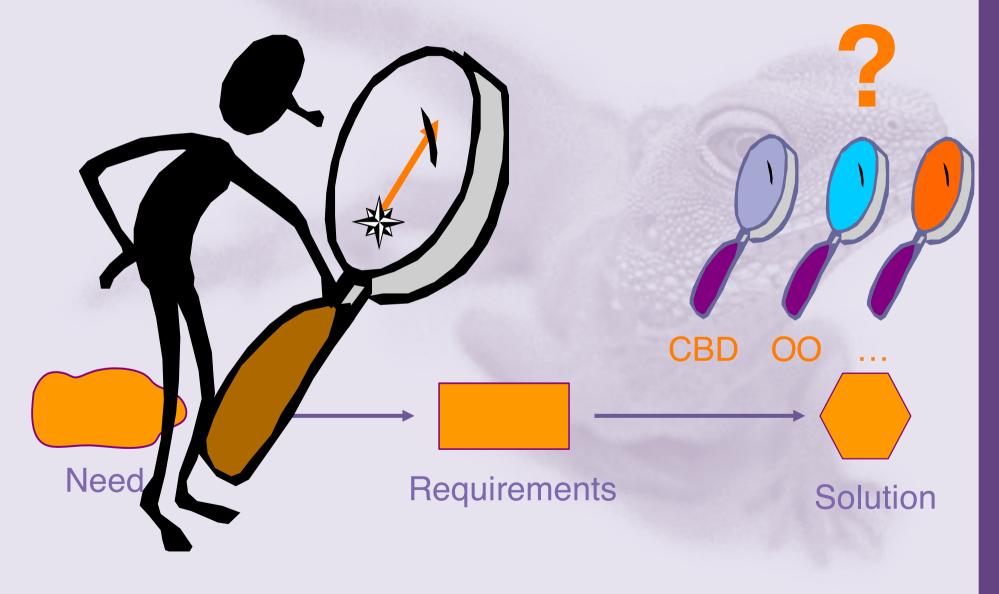


System development - From need to solution -



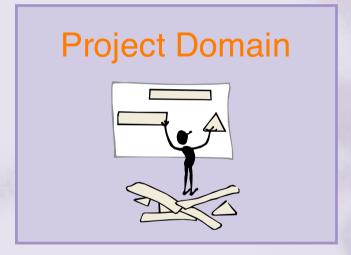


Motivation - Understanding Needs -





Motivation - Complexity of domains -



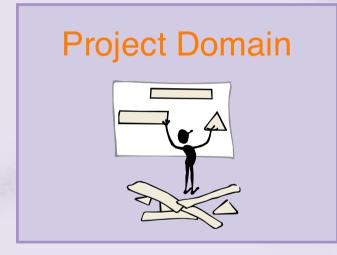
- That what performs the:
 Change
 - Development
- Project/program



- The subject of the:
 - Change
 - Development
- Design/System



Motivation - Complexity of domains -



- Parallel projects
- Mixed teams

Mixed approaches

Target Domain



- Evolution
- Legacy
- Multi-platform



- Understanding the essential need Requirements
 Evolution of the engineering Solution engineering
- Complexity of solution space:
 - Target domain
 - Project domain





Way of thinking - Postulate I



"The system to be developed should be considered in conjunction with its context"

Obvious! Really? What?

- Target domain:
 - Initial state
 - Organisation, business, technology, …
- Project domain:
 - Project team, project technology, ...



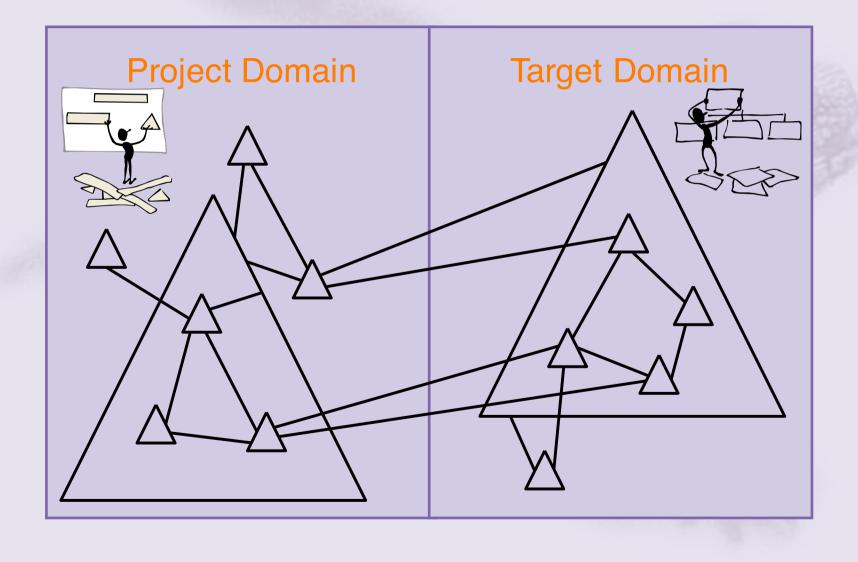
Way of thinking - Postulate II

"Understanding the act of: • Requirements engineering • Solution engineering requires a set of truly elementary (system) concepts"

- Observing needs: minimal distortion
- Insight: common terminology
- Physics: elementary set of particles & forces



A system ... an ecology of actors





Way of thinking - Postulate III

"The target and project domains should be viewed as a collection of communicating actors"

Actors may be:
 Human or automated

Actors may have:
State, behaviour,





ActorWeb - Uses

Study:

- Requirements engineering
- Solution engineering
- (by gathering)
- Patterns
- Laws

- Heuristics
- . . . (using a common terminology)

Inspiration:

- Practice
- Socio-technical Systems
- Cybernetics
- **Biological Systems**
- Complex-Adaptive **Systems**
- Agent-based Systems
- Swarm Intelligence
- Specialise for specific approaches

"System Architecture Body of Knowledge"



ActorWeb - Uses

- Approach:
 - need
 - solution space

(with an open mind)

Choosing

- appropriate development approaches
 (based on resulting understanding of)
- essential need
- possible solutions

"Unfolding the Solution Space"



- ActorWeb
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(EP)

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- Nedap Groenlo B.V.
 - 640 employees, 100 mln USD
 - 19 countries (PoS), HQ in Groenlo
 - Department Security Control
- Security control product-line
 - Established 1978
 - Acknowledged player in the market





A security management system

Situation:

- Bespoke (serial line) networks
- That connect 'Accessor ' ™ devices
- Which can detect tokens, bar-codes, biometrics, etc...
- And control doors and other means-of-access





The challenge ...

- ... is to meet these design-criteria:
- Open for multiple domains and locations
- Leveraging both experience and infrastructure of the Internet
- Challenging additional requirements:
 - Reliability and security
 - Robustness
 - Serviceability
 - Responsiveness and scalabi





... are founded in Nedap as a product-vendor:

- Solutions must be based on productionbased design (minimal MLC, time-tomarket, ...)
- Solutions must capitalize on present and foreseeable organizational capabilities
- Solutions must embrace and extend standards where applicable





Issues to be resolved

- Structure issues:
 - What are the core responsibilities of the system?
 - What structures are stable and ubiquitous?
 - What are the key '-ilities' of the system?
- Implementation issues:
 - How to apply a/the fitting implementation architecture?
 - How do different architecture-styles (dynamic services, components) mix?
 - Integration with 3rd-party devices
 - Mhatia Coourity and Managapility



ActorWeb and security management

- What mind-frame fits these topics:
 - Product development
 - 'Applicability' over logical domains
 - Combining dynamics with robustness





Security as an organization in an organization

- Gaining and permitting access can be seen as an intricate, yet easy extendible network of roles. Each is:
 - Bound by simple contracts
 - Irrespective of the surrounding organization
 - Hierarchically bound in an overall structure, yet with great empowerment in time of crises
 - Decisions are based on a complex set of constraints

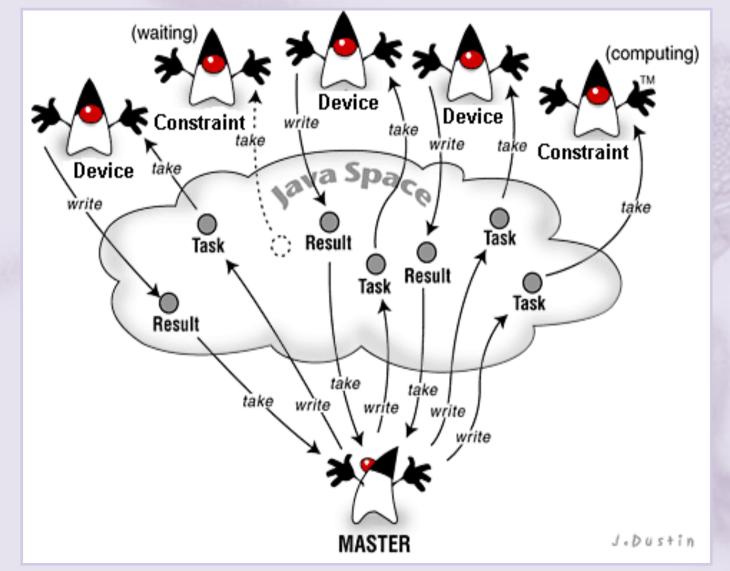
Implementation mind-frame

Actorweh

- The access-control system features:
 - A number of standard access-points
 - Each access-point is controlled by a dynamic (extendible, adaptable) set of constraints
 - Constraints can reside at access-points or other networks nodes

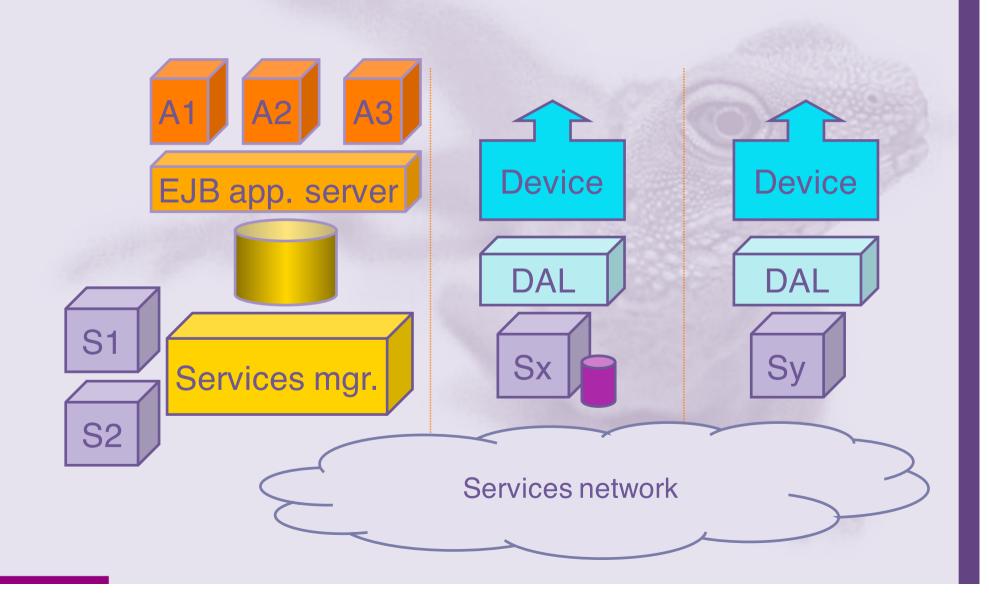








Multiple architectural styles





Results so far ...

Configurable constraints for advanced routing

e.g. Anti Pass Back, maximum persons per zone or parking control

- Multiple domains within the architecture
 > e.g. access control, mobile payment and time-management
- One programming model for everyone
 - unifying the existing expertise and development capabilities



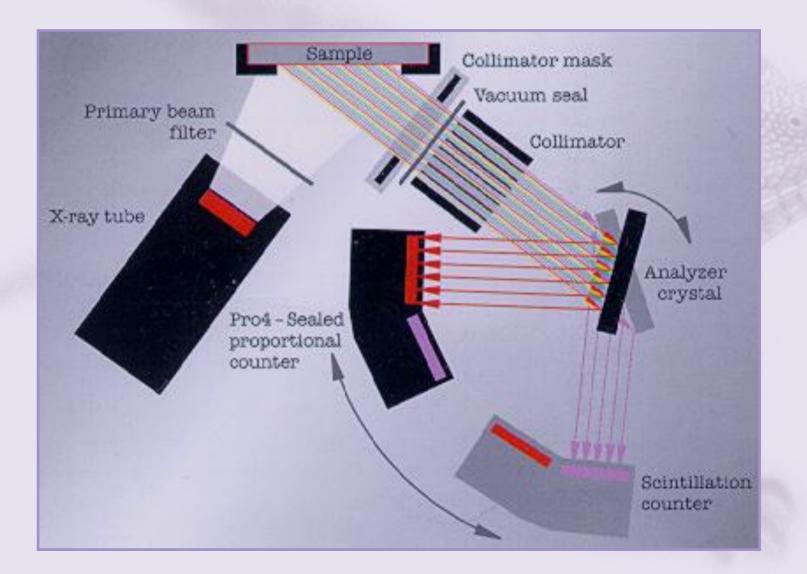


A material analysis system

- Situation:
 - One of the advanced science branches of Philips
 - Distinguished market-leader in the xraybased material analysis branch
 - Clear technological legacy position (effort asymptote, forced move into component technology)



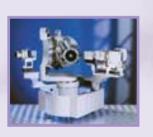
What is xray analysis





Different devices in different contexts

















The challenge ...

... is to meet these design-criteria:

- Enable penetration of adjoining markets
- Leveraging both experience and infrastructure of the Internet
- Challenging additional requirements:
 - Self- and remote-management
 - Serviceability
 - Versatility
 - Improve on quality and performance





The constraints ...

... are founded in Analytical as a product - vendor with a scientific background:

- Solutions must be based on production based design (minimal MLC, time-to-market, ...)
- Complex domains and applications
- Analysis instruments have long life-cycles and specific maintenance characteristics





Issues to be resolved

- Structure issues:
 - What are the core responsibilities of the system?
 - What structures are stable and ubiquitous?
 - What are the key '-ilities' of the system?
- Implementation issues:
 - How to apply a/the fitting implementation architecture?
 - How do different architecture-styles (dynamic services, components) mix?
 - How to 'activate' devices
 - What is self- and remote management

ActorWeb and xray analysis

- What mind-frame fits these topics:
 - Product development

Actorweb

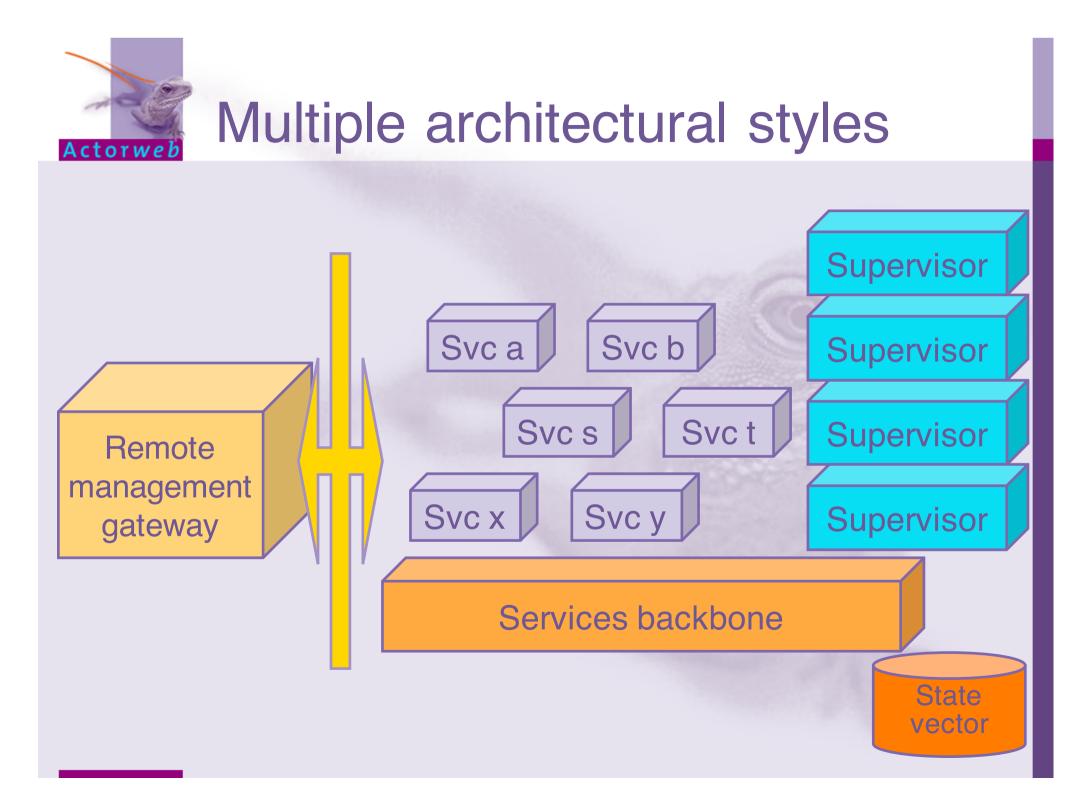
- Applicability over multiple analysis domains
- Combining dynamics with robustness



Analysis can only succeed when well-organized

- Although theory still develops, it is primarily the combination of skills and assets that makes analysis difficult to do:
 - A dedicated number of intricate types of tests
 - Are based on re-using and re-fitting appliances and devices
 - Make complex application and interpretation possible in a predictable way







- Based on the new architecture we can:
 - Use OSGI to remotely monitor and manage the instrument
 - Create and manage a dynamic network of devices and services in and across instrument(s)
 - Use extensible recipes to facilitate easy (re)configuration and usability





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- Core concepts
- Additional concepts
 - Refined ways of thinking
 - Traditional approaches
 - Gathering a body of knowledge
- Apply body of knowledge:
 - Requirements engineering
 - Solution engineering
 - Traditional approaches





Status & next steps

- Lots of questions & challenges
- Gathering (<u>E.Proper@acm.org</u>)
 - Interested parties
 - Reactions
- Website: <u>www.actorweb.org</u>
- White-paper: being written





Status & next steps

- Program: n-projects
- Workshop by Mehmet Aksit
- Goal:
 - Gather interested parties
 - Identify projects





Interested people from:









Katholieke Universiteit Nijmegen













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Web-site: <u>www.actorweb.org</u>

Contact person: e.proper@acm.org

